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USDOC FOR 4428/ITA/OCH/DEGREST

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USDOC FOR OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY

E.O. 12356: DECL: DADR TAGS: OVIP BROWN, ROWALD: EIRO PHUM PREL US CN SUBJECT: COMMERCE SECRETARY ROW BROWN'S AUGUST 29

MEETING WITH CHENESE PRENIER IN PENC

- 1. COMPIDENTIAL ENTIRE TEXT.
- 2. SUMMARY: IN AM AUGUST 25 MEETING WITH CHINESE PREMIER LI PENG, CONNERCE SECRETARY ROR BROWN STRESSED THE IMPORTANCE TO U.S. -CHINA RELATIONS OF RENEWING THE BILATERAL DIALOGUE ON MUMAN RIGHTS. HE STATED THAT HIS PURPOSE IN COMING TO CHINA WAS TO STRENGTHEN THE TWO COUNTRIES' ECONOMIC, TRADE, AND INVESTMENT TRES, AND BE SOUGHT LI'S SUPPORT FOR U.S. COMPANIES' CONTRACT BIDS. LE STATED THAT CHIMA HAD NO OBJECTION TO A NUMBER RIGHTS DIALOGUE CARRIED OUT ON THE BASIS OF EQUALITY AND MUTUAL RESPECT. HE SAID THAT CHINA WELCOMED U.S. RAY MATERIALS, ADVANCED TECHNOLOGY, AND MANAGERIAE SKILLS. LI MADE A PITCH FOR A PRESIDENT CLIRTON VISIT TO CHIKA, STATING THAT THE TWO SIDES NEEDED TO GO BEYOND MINISTERIAL AND VICE PREMIER-LEVEL VISITS, AND MINTED THAT SUCH A VISIT WOULD BE REWARDED WITH BUSINESS CONTRACTS. FRO SUMMARY.
- 3. COMMERCE SECRETARY RONALD BROWN MET AUGUST 29 WITH CHINESE PREMIER LE PENG. MENISTER OF TRADE AND FOREIGN ECONOMIC COOPERATION OMOFIECD MU YI, VICE FOREIGN HINISTER LEU MUNDEU, AND OTHER CHINESE OFFICIALS ALSO ATTENDED. AMBASSADOR ROY, DEPARTIENT OF COMMERCE OFFICIALS, U.S. BUSIMESS LEADERS, EMBGFFS, AND AN EMBASSY INTERPRETER ACCOMPANIED SECRETARY BROWN.
- 4. AFTER OPENING PLEASANTRIES, SECRETARY BROWN LED OFF THE DISCUSSION BY STATING THAT THE U.S. SIDE

WARTED TO ENHANCE COMMERCIAL RELATIONS BETWEEN THE TWO COUNTRIES. THE U.S. AND CHIMA ALREADY HAD MADE CREAT PROCRESS IN THEIR RELATIONS. THE SEATTLE APEC MEETING BETWEEN PRESIDENT-CLINION AND PRESIDENT JIANG ZEMIN CONSTITUTED AN IMPORTANT BEFANTIREOUGH AND PROVIDED THE TWO LEADERS WITH AN OPPORTUNITY TO BUILD A PERSONAL RELATIONSHIP. BROWN MOTED THAT A VISIT BY MOFTEC MINISTER WU YI TO WASHINGTON IN THE SPRING HAD RESULTED IN A WENT PRODUCTIVE MEFTING. MU'S WISIT HAS FOLLOWED SOON AFTER BY PRESIDENT CLINION'S NEW HAS FOLLOWED SOON AFTER BY PRESIDENT CLINTON'S NEW WISICH OPENED THE DOOR FOR A MUCH ENHANCED U.S.-CHINA COMMERCIAL RELATIONSHIP.

- 5. BROWN EXPRESSED HIS APPRECIATION FOR LIT'S ENCOURAGEMENT FOR THE COMMERCIAL OPPORTUNITIES THE TWO COUNTRIES PLANNED TO PURSUE. AND STATED THAT LIT'S MELP WOULD BE INSTRUMENTAL IN REACHING A SUCCESSIVE RESULT. THE U.S. WAS LOOKING BEYOND THE HORIZON OF THE BILATERAL COMMERCIAL RELATIONSHIP. IN ORDER FOR THE VISIT TO BE PERCEIVED AS SUCCESSIVE, IT WAS NECESSARY TO SIGN AGREEMENTS ON SPECIFIC TRANSACTIONS AND ON MECHANISMS FOR FUTURE COMMERCIAL TRANSACTIONS. IN THAT REGARD, SAID BROWN, AS THE U.S. SECRETARY OF COMMERCE. HIS FOCUS WAS OMECONOMICS. TRADE AND COMMERCE.
- 6. BROWN THEN TOOK THE OPPORTUNITY TO RAISE THE ISSUE OF NUMAN RICHTS. BE SAID THAT HE REALIZED IT WAS AN ISSUE OF SOME SENSITIVITY, AND THEREFORE, WANTED TO

DEAL WITH IT IN A NON-COMFRONTATIONAL MARHER. BROWN SAID THAI HE WAS SURE THE PREMIER COULD APPRECIATE HOW DIFFICULT PRESIDENT CLINION'S BECISON ON NEW WAS, AND THAI IT WOULD BE EXTERMELY IMPORTANT FOR THE LONG-TERM U.S.-CHIMA RELATIONSHIP TO RESTART THE BILATERAL HUMAN RICHTS DIALOGUE. REENCACEMENT ON MUMAN RICHTS, COUPLED WITH A SUCCESSFUL COMMERCIAL MISSION. WOULD SEND THE MESSACE THAT PRESIDENT CLINION'S DECISON OR WITH WAS THE RICHT DMF, AND WOULD RELP BUILD SUPPORT IN THE U.S. FOR A POSITIVE U.S. CHIMA BELATIONSHIP.

- 7. FIRST AND FOREMOST, BROWN SAID, THE U.S. AND CHINA HAVE MUCH AT STAKE IN FORENCE A CLOSER ECONOMIC RELATIONSHIP. THE U.S., THE WORLD'S LARGEST ECONOMY AND MOST BEVELOPED HATION, WANTED TO STRENGTHEN ITS RELATIONS WITH CHINA, THE WORLD'S LARGEST EMERGING MARKET. THE U.S. WANTED TO WORK CLOSELY WITH CRIMA TO FURTHER THEIR TRADE, ECONOMIC, AND INVESTMENT TIES.
- E. LI REPLIED LEAT THE U.S. WAS THE WORLD'S MOST UEVELOPED MATION AND CHINA WAS THE WORLD'S LARGEST DEVELOPING NATION. IT WAS IMPORTANT TO STRENGTHEM RELATIONS BETWEEN THE TWO COUNTRIES IN EVERY FIELD. FE NOTED THAT SINCE THE TWO PRESIDENTS MET IN SEATTLE DURING THE APEC LEADERS' MEETING, U.S.-CHINA BILATERAL RELATIONS HAD DEVELOPED STRONGLY, AND CHINA WAS PLEASED.
- 9. LI THEN STATED THAT HE WANTED TO MAKE TWO

IMPORTANT POINTS, ALTHOUGH HE MAS NOT SURE BROWN WOULD AGREE WITH HIM. THE FIRST POINT WAS THAT THE MORID MAS MOUTING TOWARD MULTIPOLARITY. IT WAS IMPOSSIBLE FOR ONE COUNTRY TO RULE THE WHOLE WORLD. THEREFORE, A BIG COUNTRY LIKE THE U.S., WEALTHY AND ADVANCED TECHNOLOGICALLY, REFERED TO COOPERATE WITH OTHER COUNTRIES. THE SECOND POINT WAS THAT ECONOMICS WAS SECONING INCREASINGLY IMPORTANT IN WORLD.

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PAGE #2 OF #3 BEIJIN 39823 #8 OF #3 3#1#527 #56883 AFFAIRS. WHILE IDEOLOGY HAS BECOMING INCREASINGLY PASSE, THE IMPORTANCE OF ECONOMICS WAS IN THE ASCENDANCY.

18. CHIMA: BASED ON ITS PER CAPITA GRP, WAS STILL A DEVELOPING COUNTRY, BUT HAD AN ENORMOUS POTENTIAL. LI PREDICTED THAT CHINA'S ECONOMY WOULD CONTINUE TO GROW AT THE RATE OF 8-9 PERCENT UNTIL THE END OF THE CENTURY. TRADE WOULD ALSO GROW AT THE SAME RATE. CHINA'S TRADE COULD REACH USD 288 BILLION BY THE END OF 1994 AND USD 488 BILLION BY THE YEAR 2888.

11. IN ADDITION TO CHINA'S ROLE AS A LARGE MARKET, CHINA AND THE U.S. HAD COMPLEMENTARY ECONOMIES: LI STRESSED. U.S. PRODUCTS AND WIGH TECHNOLOGY WERE WELCOME TO ENTER THE CRINESE MARKET. LI LISTED TRANSPORTATION: MACHINERY, TELECOMMUNICATIONS, AND EHERGY AS SOME OF THE AREAS WHERE THE U.S. WAS COMPETITIVE, AND NAMED AT AND T AND MOTOROUR AS TWO U.S. COMPANIES DOING WELL IN CHINA, WITH MOTOROLA DOMINATING ITS MARKET. CHINA'S ELECTRICITY INDUSTRY MEEDED TO INCREASE ITS OUTPUT, AND LI PREDICTED THAT SE AND VESTIMONOUSE WOULD EXPAND THEIR MARKETS IN

CHINA. HE MENTIONED A JOINT VENTURE CONTRACT INVOLVING VESTINGHOUSE AND JIANGSU PROVINCE THAT WOULD BE SIGNED DURING BROWN'S VISIT AND ANOTHER WESTINGHOUSE PROJECT WITH A COMPANY IN SNANGHAL. BOTH PROJECTS WERE TECHNOLOGY INTENSIVE. NOWEVER, CHINA ALSO KEEDED RAW MATERIAL PRODUCTS FROM THE U.S., SUCH AS WIEAT, CHEMICAL FERTILIZER, AND PULP. ALTHOUGH CHINA SUPPLIED A LOT OF ITS OWN GRAIN, SAID LI. IT IMPORTED WHEAT FROM THE U.S. FOR VARIETY.

12. LI RAISED AVIATION AS ANOTHER AREA FOR BILATERAL COOPERATION. HE SAID THAT ALTHOUGH A MCDONNEL-DOUGLAS AGREEMENT WOULD NOT BE READY TO SIGN DUSING THE AIZIL! Y FELLER OF INTENT MORFD BE SIGNED. LI ALSO NOTED THAT, IN THE AUTOMOTIVE FIELD, U.S. COMPANIES WERE BEHIND THE GERMANS AND THE JAPANESE. ROYEVER, CHINA IMPORTED A FAIR NUMBER OF U.S. VEHICLES. CHRYSLER CORPORATION HAD HAD AN OPPORTUNITY IN 1987 TO PARTICIPATE IN A JOINT WENTURE, BUT CRRYSLER'S PRICE WAS TOO HIGH, AND THE OPPORTURITY WAS LOST.

13. IN ADDITION TO U.S. TECHNOLOGY AND PRODUCTS, CHINA WELCOMED OPPORTUNITIES TO LEARN FROM U.S. MARAGERIAL TECHNIQUES. CHINA WAS PURSUING A MARKET ECONOMY, BUT CHINA'S VERSION OF THE MARKET ECONOMY WAS NOT LIKE THAT OF THE U.S. CHINA WANTED LONG-TERM COOPERATION WITH THE U.S. IN SOFTWARE, AS WELL AS MARDWARE, AND ON THE BASIS OF EQUALITY AND MUTUAL BENEFIT. LI SAID THAT PRESIDENT CLINTON'S MEN DECISION WAS WISE AND CORRECT, AND BENEFICIAL TO THE

U.S. AND CHIMA. CHIMA HAD NO OBJECTION TO A DIALOGUE ON RUMAN RIGHTS, BUT THAT DIALOGUE SHOULD TAKE PLACE OM THE BASIS OF EQUALITY AND MUTUAL RESPECT.

14. LI SAID THAT BROWN'S VISIT GAVE THE CIAS TO THE COMMERCIAL RELATIONSHIP. HOWEVER, THE EXCHANGE OF VISITS AT THE HIGHEST LEVEL WAS AN IMPORTANT INDICATION OF A NORMAL RELATIONSHIP. THERE HAD

ALREADY BEEN VISITS AT THE VICE PREMIER AND MINISTERIAL LEVEL. BOTH SIDES SHOULD DO MORE TO PROMOTE VISITS AT A HIGHER LEVEL.

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BEIJIN 39823 BB OF BB 3818522 856883 15. BROWN AGREED WITH LI THAT THE U.S. AND CHINA YERE INTER-RELATED IN PROFOUND WAYS. NO COUNTRY WAS IN A POSITION TO DICTATE TO ANOTHER. THE U.S. DID NOT TRY TO DICTATE TO CHINA, BUT RATHER WANTED TO BUILD RELATIONS ON THE BASIS OF MUTUAL RESPECT AND TRUST. ECONOMIC RELATIONS WERE INCREASINGLY INPORTANT AND COULD NOT BE SEPARATED FROM THE ISSUE OF SECURITY. THAT HAS WHY THE FIRST CABINET-LEVEL VISIT TO CHINA FOLLOWING THE MEN DECISION HAS BEING LED BY THE SECRETARY OF CONNERCE.

16. BROWN REFERRED TO THE MCDONKEL-DOUGLAS AGREEMENT. BE NOTED THAT IT WAS IMPORTANT FOR IT NOT BE LIMITED TO A LETTER OF INTENT, BUT ALSO TO BE INCLUDED IN THE SIGNING CEREMONY RATER THAT EVENING AS A FULL-FLEDGED AGREEMENT. BROWN SAID THAT HE WAS SURE THAT, WITH LI'S HELP, THE ISSUE COULD REACH A

SUCCESSFUL CONCLUSION REDORNEL-DOUGLAS EXECUTIVES WERE FLEXIBLE. THE SIGNING OF THE AVIATION AGREEMENT WOULD CONTRIBUTE TO THE VISIT BEING INTERPRETED AS A SUCCESS. IN ADDITION, IT WOULD HELP PROMOTE U.S.-CHINA ECONOMIC RELATIONS.

1). REFERPING TO CHRYSLER, BROWN SAID INAT THE COMPANY'S EXECUTIVES DID NOT WANT TO LET OPPORTUNITY PASS THEN BY AGAIN. THEY WERE MEETING WITH CHINESE OFFICIALS AND MOPING TO SIGN AN AGREEMENT BEFORE THE END OF THE VISIT.

18. LI RESPONDED THAT, IF BOTH SIDES WERE FLEXIBLE REGARDING THE AVIATION AGREEMENT, THE RESULT WOULD BE SUCCESSEUL. REGARDING THE AUTOMOTIVE INDUSTRY, 11 SAID THAT VOLKSWAGON AND CITREN CONTROLLED THE DOMESTIC MARKET FOR FOREIGN-DESIGNED AND CO-PRODUCED AUTOS. EVEN JAPAN COULD ONLY MANAGE A SMALL TOE-MOLD. CARYSTER RAD A SMALL PROJECT IN GUANGDONG. HE HOPED THAT ITS OTHER PROJECT WOULD BE SUCCESSFUL. IT NOTED THAT THE THREE GORGES PROJECT WOULD BE THE WORLD'S LARGEST HYDROELECTRIC PROJECT. ME SAID THAT U.S. SOPHISTICATED ENGINEERING TECHNOLOGY SUITED CHINA'S HEEDS. CHINA WELCOMED U.S. FIRMS' PARTICIPATION IN THE THREE CORGES PROJECT.

19. BROWN STATED THAT CHRYSLER HAD SHOWN EXFRAORDINARY FLEXIBILITY IN ITS REGOTIATIONS. IT WAS THE ONLY COMPANY IN THE WORLD WITH EXPERIENCE BUILDING FRONT-WHEEL DRIVE MINI VANS AT CON COST. HE WAS OPTIMISTIC THAT THE PROBLEM WOULD BE RESOLVED.

EECAUSE THE GAP BETWEEN CHRYSLER AND ITS POTENTIAL PARTNER WAS SMALL. HE EXPRESSED THE HOPE THAT LI WOULD USE ALL MIS INFLUENCE TO BRING THE CHRYSLER DEAL TO A SUCCESSFUL CONCLUSION.

28. REGARDING THE BILATERAL HUMAN RIGHTS DIALOGUE, BROWN SAID IT WAS IMPORTANT THAT THERE BE AN ANNOUNCEMENT THAT THE DIALOGUE WOULD BE REOPENED. ON THE BASIS OF EQUALITY AND MUTUAL RESPECT: BEFORE HE DEPARTED. BROWN DESCRIBED PRESIDENT CLINTON AS BEING ENTHUSIASTIC AGOUT VISITING CHINA AND INVITING PRESIDENT JIANG ZEMIN TO THE U.S. HOWEVER, SUCH MOVES WOULD DEPEND ON HOW THE RELATIONS DEVELOPED. NOT SOLELY IN THE ECONOMIC REALM, BUT ALSO IN OTHER AREAS. FOR THAT REASON, SAID BROWN, HE WAS PRESSING FOR ACHIEVEMENTS NOT JUST IN COMMERCIAL RELATIONS, BUT ALSO IN THE OTHER AREAS DISCUSSED.

21. II CONCLUDED BY SAYING THAT THE TWO SIDES SHOULD MAKE JOINT EFFORTS IN THE SMALL AREA OF THE AUTO

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PAGE 83 OF 83 BEIJIN 39823 BW OF 83 JØ18521 856883 INDUSTRY AND THE LANGE AREA OF EXCHANGE OF VISITS. ME PROMISED BROWN HATH HE WOULD HOT GO BACK ENTY MANDED, AND ADDED THAT THEY WOULD PREPARE MORE PROJECTS FOR PRESIDENT CLINTON'S SIGNATURE.

22. THIS CABLE HAS BEEN CLEARED BY SECRETARY BROWN'S DEEEGATION. ROY